

# PRIVILEGE

GRADE **11**

# PRACTICE TEST

**01**

NAME : \_\_\_\_\_  
SURNAME : \_\_\_\_\_  
CLASS : \_\_\_\_\_

**yds**publishing

# YABANCI DİL DENEME SINAVI

## İNGİLİZCE

1. Bu sınavda 80 soru vardır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen toplam cevaplama süresi 120 dakikadır.
3. Cevaplamaya, istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz.
4. Sayfalar üzerindeki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.

1. - 8. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The Titanic sank in the Atlantic Ocean on April 15, 1912, killing more than 1,500 people; it was one of the biggest ---- of the 20<sup>th</sup> century.

- A) challenges  
B) adventures  
C) miracles  
D) disasters  
E) experiences

3. People with hypochondria ---- worry about their health without any reason and always think that they have a serious illness.

- A) exactly  
B) punctually  
C) instantly  
D) constantly  
E) truthfully

2. Although babies start developing teeth very early, their teeth aren't ---- at first; you can't see them until the baby is 6-12 months old.

- A) powerful  
B) edible  
C) stable  
D) multiple  
E) visible

4. Leonardo da Vinci was one of the most important artists of the Renaissance; his famous paintings ---- the *Mona Lisa* and *The Last Supper*.

- A) include  
B) provide  
C) occupy  
D) supply  
E) contain

5. Children usually imitate their parents' behaviour and ---- their habits; therefore, parents should set a good example for them.

- A) look for    B) take over  
C) pick up    D) end up  
E) feel for

6. Engineers from Shizuoka University in Japan ---- a model space elevator system, which ---- into space in a month's time.

- A) are creating / has been sent  
B) had created / was being sent  
C) have been creating / was sent  
D) created / had been sent  
E) have created / will be sent

7. The speed of light is 299,792,458 metres per second, so if it ---- possible for us to travel at that speed, we ---- the Earth more than seven times in one second.

- A) could be / circled  
B) was / have to circle  
C) were / could circle  
D) will be / can circle  
E) has been / must circle

8. The best protection against diseases is vaccination, but it ---- researchers years, sometimes even decades, ---- a vaccine.

- A) has taken / having developed  
B) took / developing  
C) had taken / to be developing  
D) takes / to develop  
E) will take / being developed

9. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

9. Great white sharks can be found ---- the world's oceans, mostly in cool waters close ---- the coast.

- A) across / with    B) in / for  
C) among / on    D) off / by  
E) throughout / to

10. Vitamin C cannot really protect you ---- the flu, but it reduces the risk ---- catching it by strengthening your immune system.

- A) for / in    B) from / by  
C) against / of    D) in / with  
E) off / at

11. America has had many periods of drought in its history; ----, droughts will occur more frequently now across the continent due to climate change.

- A) otherwise    B) therefore  
C) consequently    D) however  
E) for example

12. Normally, a pet dog will not attack you ---- he thinks you are a danger to him or to his human family.

- A) because  
B) unless  
C) when  
D) so that  
E) if

13. It is interesting that ---- people attract mosquitoes and often get bitten while ---- are rarely bitten by them.

- A) no / all  
B) any / the others  
C) some / others  
D) none / a few  
E) all / the other ones

14. An amoeba is a one-celled creature and is ---- small ---- it can only be seen through a microscope.

- A) either / or  
B) so / that  
C) too / for  
D) both / and  
E) as / as

15. Most people spend their free time shopping and wasting money although they can do other fun things ---- going shopping.

- A) despite  
B) owing to  
C) due to  
D) instead of  
E) such as

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Uranus, which is the third-largest planet in the solar system, is 2.9 billion kilometres away **(16)**---- the Sun. One interesting fact about Uranus is that it is the first planet which was found with the help of a telescope. It was discovered in 1781 by the British astronomer William Herschel **(17)**---- he thought it was a star at first. Two years later, the object was universally accepted as a new planet **(18)**---- further observations by another astronomer, Johann Bode. The planet was **(19)**---- the Greek god of the sky, Uranus, as suggested by Johann Bode. But in fact, William Herschel wanted it **(20)**---- 'Georgium Sidus' in honour of King George III of England.

16.

- A) to  
B) across  
C) by  
D) from  
E) with

17.

- A) if  
B) although  
C) so that  
D) because  
E) until

18.

- A) except for  
B) rather than  
C) thanks to  
D) as well as  
E) in case of

19.

- A) called for  
B) brought up  
C) asked for  
D) pointed out  
E) named after

20.

- A) being called  
B) to call  
C) to be called  
D) called  
E) to be calling

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ----, and scientists are blaming climate change for it.

- A) Bumblebees have the ability to adapt to changing climate
- B) Bumblebee habitats are shrinking at a fast rate
- C) Bumblebees evolved in mild, temperate climates
- D) Bumblebees are sensitive to environmental influences
- E) Bumblebees are declining due to the effects of pesticide use in agriculture

22. Asia has nearly one-third of the world's total land area, ----.

- A) but it is the only continent that shares borders with two other continents
- B) for it is home to more than half of Earth's people
- C) and is the most populated continent in the world
- D) so it also contains the world's largest country, Russia
- E) yet it has a great influence on world culture and economy

23. Although most people fear spiders, ----.

- A) they can have an allergy to these creatures
- B) they vary in size and colour depending on the species
- C) they may have had stressful experiences in the past involving these creatures
- D) these creatures are physically not even able to cause any harm
- E) some of these creatures produce a poisonous substance that is very dangerous

24. If you don't get enough sleep, you may have poor brain performance ----.

- A) as well as a higher risk of health problems
- B) but better thinking abilities
- C) despite the need for 8 hours of sleep every night
- D) but it can disrupt your sleep pattern even further in the long term
- E) because of the connection between too much sleep and too little energy

25. ----, so it may not be a good idea to eat them unripe as they might be bitter then.

- A) Grapefruits are acidic and have a sour taste
- B) Eating grapefruits daily can reduce the risk of cancer
- C) Grapefruits are one of the lowest-calorie fruits
- D) Even half of a grapefruit contains a lot of vitamin C
- E) Grapefruits are filled with nutritious substances

26. The Moon shines brightly in the night sky, ----.

- A) and for this reason, it completes its orbit around Earth in 27.3 days
- B) which is why we only see 60% of its surface
- C) but it doesn't produce its own light
- D) for our view of the Moon changes each night
- E) so it appears to change shape all the time

27. Robin Hood is a folk hero and a legendary man ----.

- A) as his first reference in literature dates back to the 15<sup>th</sup> century
- B) even though the books still remain famous and popular
- C) despite the popularity of his stories
- D) except his adventures have been featured in books, movies and cartoons
- E) whom people have told stories about for many years

28. While too little activity and too many calories from food and drinks are the main causes of obesity, ----.

- A) it is mainly the result of unhealthy eating and low levels of physical activity
- B) lack of physical activity is another important factor related to obesity
- C) people become obese when they eat more calories than they burn
- D) genetic and hormonal factors might also play a role
- E) it occurs when you are significantly over the ideal weight for your height

29. - 31. soruları, aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Americans love Halloween with its costumes, candies and scary décor. However, Halloween didn't start in America. Scholars agree that it started about 2,000 years ago, when Celtic people in Europe celebrated the end of the harvest and the beginning of a new year in a festival called Samhain. This was also the time when Celtic people thought the barriers between the physical world and the spirit world collapsed, allowing spirits of the dead to walk among them and perhaps to harm them. That's why they made bonfires believing that the flames and sparks would ward off evil spirits. They also burned crops and animals as sacrifices to their gods to please them. They danced and sang around the fire in costumes of animal heads and skins so that the bad spirits would not kidnap them. Today, many people link bats with Halloween. That's because the fires that the Celts lit attracted insects, which, in turn, attracted bats.

29. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) A Celtic festival called Samhain
- B) Celtic customs and beliefs
- C) The origins of Halloween
- D) The connection between death and Halloween
- E) The differences between Halloween and Samhain

30. The underlined phrase 'ward off' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.

- A) show respect, thank
- B) prevent, keep away
- C) invite
- D) forgive
- E) welcome, greet

31. We can infer from the passage that during Samhain, Celtic people made bonfires ----.

- A) so that the dead would become alive again
- B) to protect themselves from evil spirits that was believed to walk among them
- C) so that the spirits would see them in costumes of animal heads and skins
- D) to attract bats which would send flies away
- E) to see the spirits of their dead relatives

**32. - 34. soruları, aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

All the gold that has ever been refined throughout history could be placed in a cube measuring 20 meters on a side, and about 75 per cent of that has been extracted since 1910. Early discoveries of gold relied on the blind luck of someone spotting a yellow glint in a stream or in a crack between rocks. But the search today is more systematic and precise. First, geologists know more about how gold forms. They know, for example, that the metal is present in almost all rocks and soil, but the grains are so small that they're invisible. Gold mining is not always a **lucrative** business. Gold present in an area is rarely worth mining. Scientists, known as prospectors, search for these deposits. Sometimes, these deposits contain pure gold. In most deposits, however, gold is combined with silver or another metal. After finding indications of gold, scientists drill to obtain samples from below the surface, which they analyse for their gold content. If there's enough gold in the deposit, the mining company may set up a large-scale mining operation.

**32. It is clear from the passage that gold ----.**

- A) is usually hard to detect
- B) never exists in its pure form in nature
- C) began to be extracted in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century
- D) can only be discovered by luck
- E) is extracted by scientists called prospectors

**33. According to the passage, in order for gold mining companies to launch mining operations, ----.**

- A) they must be able to notice a yellow sparkle in a stream or between rocks
- B) the gold content of the deposit must be high
- C) the sample that they obtain must definitely contain pure gold
- D) the gold must first be separated from other metals
- E) they don't need to work with scientists

**34. The underlined word 'lucrative' in the passage is closest in meaning to ----.**

- A) profitable
- B) safe
- C) private
- D) simple
- E) competitive

**35. - 37. soruları, aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Mount Vesuvius has erupted more than fifty times in its long history, but no eruption was more tragic or famous than the one in 79 CE. Millions of tons of volcanic ash, stone and poisonous gas rained down on the ancient Roman town of Pompeii, which was right in the path of the eruption. The town was completely buried under a thick cloud of ash in just a few hours. About 2,000 people, who did not manage to flee, died while more people escaped to other towns. Some survivors came back in search of lost relatives and their belongings. And some people from other towns came to rob valuable objects. Then the city was completely abandoned and left forgotten. It wasn't until 1748 when the city was rediscovered by a group of explorers who came to dig for ancient artefacts in the region. They were surprised to find a city underneath a thick layer of dust and debris. The city was mostly intact; all the buildings and artefacts had remained as they were on the day of the eruption. The victims' skeletons were just where they had fallen.

**35. Which is true about the ancient city of Pompeii according to the passage?**

- A) People had no time to escape when Vesuvius began to erupt in 79 CE.
- B) It had a population of 2,000 people in 79 CE, when Mt. Vesuvius had a fierce eruption.
- C) It was entirely destroyed by the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius in 79 CE except for a few buildings.
- D) It remained unknown for more than 1,500 years after the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius in 79 CE.
- E) Explorers had been searching for it for many decades before it was found in 1748.

**36. According to the passage, the explorers who rediscovered Pompeii were surprised when they ----.**

- A) saw that the city was preserved by volcanic ashes
- B) realized there were no ancient artefacts there
- C) noticed that none of the artefacts had been stolen
- D) found out that some survivors came back to find their possessions
- E) discovered the bones of the disaster's victims

**37. The main purpose of the passage is to explain ----.**

- A) how and why Mt. Vesuvius erupted in 79 CE
- B) how Pompeii was rediscovered after the 79 CE eruption of Mt. Vesuvius
- C) why the victims of the 79 CE eruption of Mt. Vesuvius had died
- D) what happened to Pompeii after the 79 CE eruption of Mt. Vesuvius
- E) what the survivors of the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius in 79 CE did afterwards

**38. - 40. soruları, aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

It was Greek mathematician and philosopher Pythagoras who first proposed that the Earth was round sometime around 500 BCE, after observing the line between the part of the Moon in light and in the dark as it moved through its orbital cycle. He reasoned that if the Moon was round, the Earth must be round too. In later years, Athenian philosopher Plato taught his students that the Earth was a 'round body' though he offered no scientific explanation. Later, Greek philosopher Anaxagoras observed the shape of the Earth's shadow on the Moon during a lunar eclipse and used it as evidence that the Earth was round. In 350 BCE, the great Greek philosopher Aristotle decided that the Earth was a sphere after observing the star groups moving in the sky. And during the next 100 years, Aristarchus, a Greek astronomer and mathematician, spoke about the Sun being at the centre of the universe with the Earth revolving around it. And in 240 BCE, Greek mathematician and geographer Eratosthenes managed to calculate the circumference of the Earth for the first time.

**38. Who claimed that the Earth was round but did not base it on any scientific facts?**

- A) Aristarchus
- B) Eratosthenes
- C) Anaxagoras
- D) Pythagoras
- E) Plato

**39. Which of the statements given below is true according to the passage?**

- A) The first claim that the Earth had a spherical shape was made in 350 BCE.
- B) Ancient ideas about the Earth's spherical shape were based on observations of the Moon and the sky.
- C) Aristotle did not support Pythagoras' idea of a spherical world.
- D) Greek scientists had found out the size of the Earth long before 240 CE.
- E) Aristarchus believed that the Moon orbited the Sun, which was at the centre of the universe.

**40. Which of the following can we conclude from the passage?**

- A) It has been known that the Earth was round since the time of the ancient Greeks.
- B) It was thought that the Sun revolved around the Earth in the ancient Greece after 350 BCE.
- C) Ancient scholars argued that the Earth was flat rather than spherical.
- D) The Earth's shadow on the Moon doesn't give any clues about its shape.
- E) Ancient people all believed that the Earth was flat.

**41. - 43. soruları, aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

There are no native people and no permanent residents or citizens of Antarctica. There are nearly 5,000 scientists and researchers there in the summer months (October to April), along with about 45,000 tourists visiting on cruise ships. In winter months, the number of the people in Antarctica drops to about 1,000 scientific staff only. There are around 66 research stations of different nations scattered across Antarctica. These vary in size but typically have 50 people in the summer and 6 to 10 in winter. Most of the scientists and staff in Antarctica stay for short terms of 3-6 months. It used to be quite common for researchers to work for three summer months and two winter months, but nowadays, most scientific stations close down during the cold, harsh winter months. In addition to scientists and researchers, there are some expedition and mountaineering guides staying for a few months in or near Antarctica.

**41. What does the underlined word 'These' in the passage refer to?**

- A) people working in research stations
- B) people living across Antarctica
- C) scientists and researchers
- D) research stations
- E) different nations

**42. The passage tells us that ----.**

- A) most of the scientists working in Antarctica stay there for more than six months
- B) very few research stations in Antarctica stay open all year long
- C) Antarctica is usually visited between April and September
- D) native people of Antarctica usually work as expedition or mountaineering guides
- E) some of the research stations in Antarctica are too small for 50 scientists to work in

**43. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?**

- A) The Research Stations of Antarctica
- B) Antarctica Is Not A Country!
- C) Who Lives in Antarctica?
- D) Who Are the Native People of Antarctica?
- E) Why Do Few People Live in Antarctica?



44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Son:  
- **Are we having broccoli again? You know I don't like it.**
- Mother:  
- **We've only had it boiled. That's why you don't like it.**
- Son:  
- ----
- Mother:  
- **Yes, I tried a new recipe I found on the Internet. I'm sure you'll love it.**
- A) Did you cook it in another way this time?  
B) Well, I guess you boiled it again, didn't you?  
C) But the Internet is full of different recipes for broccoli.  
D) Does it have to be boiled?  
E) Why don't you try another recipe next time?

45. Victoria:  
- **I was petting a cat yesterday. He started purring but then attempted to bite my hand.**
- David:  
- ----
- Victoria:  
- **But he was purring, so I thought he was enjoying it.**
- David:  
- **If a cat purrs, it doesn't always mean that he is happy. Cats also purr when they get angry or scared.**
- A) That's strange; cats love being touched and petted.  
B) I suppose he became annoyed when you petted him.  
C) Maybe he got mad when you stopped petting.  
D) Perhaps he wanted you to go on petting him.  
E) He probably was delighted when you petted him.

46. Tim's uncle:  
- ----
- Tim's mother:  
- **Well, he wants to actually, but I don't let him do so.**
- Tim's uncle:  
- **Why not? It will be good exercise for him, and it will help him save his money.**
- Tim's mother:  
- **But this is not a safe town to ride a bike in, you know.**
- Tim's uncle:  
- **I suppose you are right. We hear the news about cyclist injuries almost every day.**
- A) Would Tim want me to teach him how to ride a bike?  
B) It's time you bought Tim a better bike.  
C) Why does Tim want to have a new bike?  
D) Why doesn't Tim ride his bike to school instead of taking the bus?  
E) I think it's safer for Tim to take the bus to school than riding his bike.

47. Archie:  
- **I'm going to have my birthday party at a café on Saturday night. Would you like to come?**
- Scarlett:  
- **Oh, I'd love to, but my parents don't allow me to be out after seven o'clock.**
- Archie:  
- ----
- Scarlett:  
- **It won't help. They won't change their mind.**
- A) It is such a pity! What if you sneak out?  
B) It won't be fun without you. I wish you could come.  
C) That's too bad. I'll talk to them myself.  
D) Oh, then let's cancel the party and do something else instead.  
E) Will they let you if we go there earlier and leave at five or six o'clock?

48. Wife:

- **Look, the weather is horrible outside. Are your parents expecting us today?**

Husband:

- **Yes, they are expecting us for lunch. We should get ready; it's nearly lunch time.**

Wife:

- ----

Husband:

- **Neither do I, but we promised them.**

- A) I really don't feel like leaving home in this terrible weather.
- B) I wish we didn't have to go today.
- C) I can't find an excuse not to go. Can you?
- D) I don't think we can cancel it.
- E) I don't want to call them and lie to them.

**49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.**

**49. Unlike most other sports, golf can be played by older people as well as young people.**

- A) Golf differs from many other sports in that it can be played by both young people and the elderly.
- B) Older people can play many sports that younger people play, and golf is one of them.
- C) Older people can be as good at golf as young people are although they can't play other sports so well.
- D) The elderly can play golf besides other sports in contrast to young people.
- E) Besides some other sports, older people can also play golf together with young players.

**50. Diet Coke is lower in sugar than regular Coke, yet researchers are doubtful about its effects on health and weight.**

- A) Unlike regular Coke, diet Coke isn't high in sugar, and according to researchers, it may have better effects on health and weight.
- B) Diet Coke contains less sugar than regular Coke, but researchers are not certain about how it affects health and weight.
- C) Researchers recommend drinking regular Coke for our health and weight rather than diet Coke although regular Coke has a lot of sugar in it.
- D) Researchers think that regular Coke may be better than diet Coke for our health and weight even though it contains more sugar.
- E) Researchers think that diet Coke is safer to drink for our health and weight than regular Coke as it doesn't have as much sugar as regular Coke does.

**51. An extinct volcano is one that has not had an eruption for at least 10,000 years and is not expected to erupt again.**

- A) A volcano is extinct if it last erupted more than 10 thousand years ago and is not likely to erupt again.
- B) An extinct volcano is not expected to erupt again if it has been less than 10,000 years since its last eruption.
- C) It is expected that a volcano can hardly have a new eruption if it has not erupted in the past 10,000 years.
- D) A volcano which is extinct is not expected to erupt within the next 10,000 years.
- E) An extinct volcano may be expected to erupt at any time even if it last erupted more than 10,000 years ago.

**52. When the epidemic of Ebola began in West Africa, the general belief among researchers was that there was “no cure” for the disease.**

- A) Treatment for the Ebola virus had not been found until researchers experienced an epidemic in West Africa.
- B) When West Africa was hit by an Ebola epidemic, researchers thought that the disease could not be cured at all.
- C) Researchers were not able to find a cure for the Ebola virus until it caused an epidemic in West Africa.
- D) When West Africa was hit by the Ebola virus disease, almost no patients could be cured despite researchers' efforts.
- E) Researchers have been working on a cure for the Ebola virus disease ever since an epidemic began in West Africa.

**53. Any trip to Ireland should include a detour to the Cliffs of Moher, where you can have a fantastic view of the Atlantic Ocean.**

- A) You should have visited the Cliffs of Moher when you visited Ireland, where you could have seen a fantastic view of the Atlantic Ocean.
- B) Whenever you visit Ireland, you should make sure you visit the Cliffs of Moher as well, where you have the best view of the Atlantic Ocean.
- C) The Cliffs of Moher offers the best view of the Atlantic Ocean in the whole Ireland, so remember to take a detour to go there.
- D) Be sure to make time for a detour to the Cliffs of Moher when you are visiting Ireland; you can enjoy a great view of the Atlantic Ocean there.
- E) It is best if a trip to Ireland ends with a detour to the Cliffs of Moher if you want to have a great view of the Atlantic Ocean.

**54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.**

**54. You want your father to give up driving because he is too old to drive. He cannot drive safely or carefully anymore. But he gets mad and hurt when someone says he shouldn't be driving at this age. Now you are trying to convince him not to drive anymore, but you don't want to hurt him or make him mad. You kindly say: ----**

- A) I'm afraid that you are a big danger to the people on the road.
- B) You are a reckless and dangerous driver because of your age.
- C) Believe me that I am really concerned about you driving.
- D) You are absolutely too old and weak to drive.
- E) You can't even walk straight or see where you are going.

**55. Your niece wants a new phone for her 16<sup>th</sup> birthday although her parents can't spend money on any extra things. Her father has just lost his job, so the family has to live on a small budget. Besides, they have a lot of bills and debts to pay off. To make your niece understand why she can't have a new phone, you say: ----**

- A) Do you think you deserve a new phone just because you are 16?
- B) Don't be so greedy. You have a phone that works, anyway.
- C) What do you need a new phone for when you already have one?
- D) Use your mother's phone; she doesn't need it because she will be home all day.
- E) At the moment, your parents can't afford to purchase one, and you know that.

56. Your sister is worried about your online shopping habits. You frequently buy clothes and other things online although you don't need them. She thinks you are wasting your money and fears that you are becoming addicted to online shopping. When she asks the reason why you can't stop it, you say: ----

- A) I will hide the things that I buy from now on. I don't want you to know that I wasted my money.
- B) Things that I've looked at days ago keep popping up on my screen.
- C) I spend less time doing other things that I enjoy because of online shopping.
- D) I feel guilty after buying something online.
- E) I often buy things that I don't need or things that are too expensive for me.

57. You ask your mum's permission to go to the movies with your classmates and then to a café after school today. Your mum tells you that it is all right. But she makes you promise to return home at 10 pm the latest. And to make sure that you keep your promise, she says: ----

- A) We'll be happy to see you back no matter what the time is.
- B) We'll be worried even if you arrive before then.
- C) You should definitely be back no later than that.
- D) I'd rather you didn't stay until midnight.
- E) Call us and let us know if you are coming after 10.

58. Just as you are leaving the office to go home after a very tiring day, you receive a call from your roommate. He asks what you would like to have for dinner. You are so hungry that you could eat anything he prepares, so you say: ----

- A) I want to eat something simple. I am not that hungry.
- B) I think you should wait for me to come home. We can cook together.
- C) Don't bother to cook dinner tonight. We can order takeaway.
- D) It really doesn't matter as long as it is ready when I get home. I am starving.
- E) Don't worry about it. I'd like to take you out to dinner tonight.

ydspublishing

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Many of the ideas that we have about pirates have come from books and films which tell of stories of adventures of pirates and of buried treasures. ---- So, they are a combination of facts and fiction. For example, there are many stories about characters named Captain Kidd and Blackbeard, both of whom were famous pirates in British history.

- A) Pirate stories have fascinated people for many centuries.
- B) Pirates really existed in the past and were very famous in their times.
- C) In these stories, pirates often attack other ships and rob them.
- D) The stories are made up, but the characters are real people.
- E) Books and films about pirates have led to great interest in piracy.

**60. The term “Renaissance man” does not mean that the person really lived during the Renaissance. ---- For example, Albert Schweitzer, who was a theologian, musician, philosopher and a doctor, was a 20<sup>th</sup> century “Renaissance man”. Benjamin Franklin was a “Renaissance man”, who lived in the 18<sup>th</sup> century (1700s) and was an author and printer, politician, scientist, inventor and a soldier.**

- A) In fact, Renaissance is a French word meaning “rebirth” and refers to a period in European civilization.
- B) One of the most famous people alive during this time was Michelangelo, who was a sculptor, painter, architect and a poet.
- C) It can be used for anyone with a lot of knowledge and proficiency in more than one subject or field.
- D) However, during the Renaissance, there were many famous artists, writers and philosophers.
- E) The Renaissance, which began in Europe in the 14<sup>th</sup> century, is said to be the start of the “modern age”.

**61. Playing games is very important for a child’s health and development. Research shows that play can improve children’s abilities to plan, organize, get along with others and control their emotions. In addition, play helps with language, maths and social skills and even helps children deal with stress. ---- School hours, homework, fewer safe places to play, spending time on the Internet and watching TV are among the reasons for this.**

- A) However, some parents think play is a waste of time for school children.
- B) On the other hand, most children neglect their schoolwork by playing all the time.
- C) Some parents do not offer their children the opportunity or the time to play.
- D) But spending too much time playing doesn’t leave any time for responsibilities.
- E) Yet, in recent years, children have been spending less and less time playing games.

**62. The ancient Greeks believed in many gods and goddesses. ---- However, they had incredible powers. They would live forever; they never died. There were twelve important Greek gods and goddesses. They lived on Mount Olympus, where they held discussions and took decisions about humans and their lives.**

- A) And they thought these gods and goddesses were braver and cleverer than humans.
- B) These gods and goddesses fought battles and had heroic adventures.
- C) These gods and goddesses were believed to be more powerful than humans.
- D) Some of them were the gods or goddesses of death and were dangerous to humans.
- E) These gods and goddesses had human qualities.

**63. Migration occurs when animals move from one region or habitat to another during a particular season. Birds migrate twice a year in order to find food, breed, grow or to find a better climate. In winter, they fly to regions which are warm, have an adequate food supply and are safe for breeding. Not all birds migrate, though. ---- They don’t need to fly to warmer climates. Pigeons, crows and raven are in this group.**

- A) Also, they migrate to cooler regions in the summer.
- B) Some birds fly very long distances across the world.
- C) That’s because they are able to survive in winter.
- D) There are even some birds that fly over the Himalayas.
- E) They usually migrate to the same places every year.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. A wishing well is a term in European folklore that expresses a well or pool which people throw coins into while making a wish.

- A) Avrupa folklorunda insanların dilek tutmak için içine bozuk para attıkları bir kuyu veya havuzu ifade eden terim dilek kuyusudur.
- B) Dilek kuyusu, insanların dilek tutarken içine bozuk para attıkları kuyu veya havuzu ifade eden bir Avrupa folkloru terimidir.
- C) Dilek kuyusu, Avrupa folklorunda, insanların dilek tutarken içine bozuk para attıkları kuyu veya havuzu ifade eden bir terimdir.
- D) Dilek kuyusu, Avrupa folklorunda, dilek tutan insanların içine bozuk para attıkları kuyu veya havuzu ifade eden bir terimdir.
- E) Avrupa folklorunda dilek kuyusu terimi, insanların içine bozuk para atıp dilek tuttıkları kuyu veya havuzu ifade eder.

65. Although the word slavery usually makes us think of the African slaves in America in the 1800s, slavery was common throughout the world at the time.

- A) Kölelik kelimesi çoğunlukla 1800'ler Amerika'sının Afrikalı kölelerini aklımıza getirir ancak kölelik o zamanlar dünya çapında yaygındı.
- B) Kölelik, 1800'lerde dünya çapında yaygın olmasına rağmen, kölelik sözcüğü bize çoğunlukla o dönemde Amerika'daki Afrikalı köleleri düşündürür.
- C) Kölelik kelimesinin çoğunlukla bize 1800'lerde Amerika'daki Afrikalı köleleri düşündürmesi bir yana, o zamanlar kölelik dünya çapında yaygındı.
- D) Kölelik kelimesinin çoğunlukla o dönemde Amerika'daki Afrikalı köleleri düşünmemize neden olmasına karşın, 1800'lerde kölelik dünya çapında yaygındı.
- E) Kölelik kelimesi çoğunlukla bize 1800'lerde Amerika'daki Afrikalı köleleri düşündürse de kölelik o zamanlar dünya çapında yaygındı.

66. Natural gas is generally found in deposits that formed millions of years ago from decaying plant matter and organisms.

- A) Doğal gaz, genellikle milyonlarca yıl önce bitki maddeleri ve organizmaların çürümesiyle oluşan çökeltelerde bulunur.
- B) Doğal gaz, genellikle milyonlarca yıl önce çürüyen bitki maddeleri ve organizmalardan oluşan çökeltelerde bulunur.
- C) Doğal gazın bulunduğu çökelteler genellikle milyonlarca yıl önce bitki maddeleri ve organizmaların çürümesiyle oluşmuştur.
- D) Doğal gaz genellikle milyonlarca yıl önce bitki maddelerinin ve organizmaların çürüyerek oluşturduğu çökeltelerde bulunur.
- E) Genellikle milyonlarca yıl önce çürüyen bitki maddeleri ve organizmalar, doğal gazın bulunduğu çökelteleri oluşturmuştur.

67. Scorpions use their stings not only to kill their prey but also to defend themselves against predators such as snakes and lizards.

- A) Akreler avlarını öldürmek için kullandıkları iğnelerini aynı zamanda yılan ve kertenkele gibi yırtıcılara karşı kendilerini savunmak için kullanırlar.
- B) Akreler iğnelerini hem avlarını öldürmek için hem de yılan ve kertenkele gibi yırtıcılara karşı kendilerini savunmak için kullanırlar.
- C) Akreler iğnelerini avlarını öldürmek için kullanmanın yanında yılan ve kertenkele gibi yırtıcılara karşı kendilerini savunmak için de kullanırlar.
- D) Akreler iğnelerini sadece avlarını öldürmek için değil aynı zamanda yılan ve kertenkele gibi yırtıcılara karşı kendilerini savunmak için kullanırlar.
- E) Akreler iğneleriyle sadece avlarını öldürmezler, onları aynı zamanda yılan ve kertenkele gibi yırtıcılara karşı kendilerini savunmak için kullanırlar.

68. **Winged ants move in swarms so that flies, caterpillars and other insects won't attack them.**

- A) Kanatlı karıncalar sinekler, tırtıllar ve diğer böcekler onlara saldırmamasın diye kümeler halinde hareket ederler.
- B) Kanatlı karıncalar, sinekler, tırtıllar ve diğer böcekler onlara saldırdığı için kümeler halinde hareket ederler.
- C) Kanatlı karıncaların kümeler halinde hareket etmelerinin sebebi sineklerin, tırtılların ve diğer böceklerin onlara saldırmamasını önlemektir.
- D) Kanatlı karıncalar sineklerin, tırtılların ve diğer böceklerin onlara saldırmaması için kümeler halinde hareket ederler.
- E) Kanatlı karıncalar sineklerin, tırtılların ve diğer böceklerin onlara saldırmamasını önlemek için kümeler halinde hareket ederler.

69. **Michael Jackson became so successful and well known as a singer, songwriter and dancer that he was given the nickname the 'King of Pop'.**

- A) Şarkıcı, söz yazarı ve dansçı olan Michael Jackson o kadar başarılı ve ünlüydü ki kendisine 'Pop'un Kralı' adı takıldı.
- B) Michael Jackson şarkıcı, söz yazarı ve dansçı olarak çok ünlüydü ve bu yüzden ona 'Pop'un Kralı' takma adı verildi.
- C) Michael Jackson şarkıcı, söz yazarı ve dansçı olarak o denli başarılı ve ünlü oldu ki kendisine 'Pop'un Kralı' takma adı verildi.
- D) Michael Jackson o kadar başarılı bir şarkıcı, söz yazarı ve dansçı idi ki kendisine 'Pop'un Kralı' takma adı verildi.
- E) Michael Jackson'a 'Pop'un Kralı' lakabının verilme nedeni onun çok ünlü bir şarkıcı, söz yazarı ve dansçı olmasıydı.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. **Kışın vitamin ve mineral bakımından zengin meyve ve sebzeleri bol miktarda yemeliyiz çünkü bunlar bizi gribe karşı koruyabilir.**

- A) We should eat plenty of fruit and vegetables that can protect us against the flu in winter because of the vitamins and minerals in them.
- B) In winter, we should eat plenty of fruit and vegetables because they are rich in vitamins and minerals which can protect us against the flu.
- C) Because fruit and vegetables are rich in vitamins and minerals that can protect us against the flu in winter, we should eat plenty of them.
- D) In winter, we should eat plenty of fruit and vegetables that are rich in vitamins and minerals because they can protect us against the flu.
- E) In winter, we should eat fruit and vegetables that have plenty of vitamins and minerals in them because they will protect us against the flu.

71. **Şempanzeler kalabalık gruplar içinde yaşasalar da bazen içlerinden biri kendi başına yiyecek aramak için gruptan uzaklaşabilir.**

- A) Chimpanzees live in crowded groups; however, one of them may sometimes wander away from the group to search for food alone.
- B) Chimpanzees live in crowded groups, yet one may sometimes wander away from the group to search for food on its own.
- C) Although chimpanzees live in crowded groups, one of them may sometimes wander away from the group to search for food on its own.
- D) Chimpanzees live in crowded groups although sometimes one may wander away from the group to find food for itself.
- E) While chimpanzees live in crowded groups, one may sometimes wander away from the group to find itself some food.



**72. Antik dünyanın en büyük kütüphanesi olan Mısır'daki İskenderiye Kütüphanesi, M.Ö. 30'da Romalıların fethi sırasında yıkılmıştı.**

- A) The Library of Alexandria, the largest library of the ancient world, was destroyed in 30 BCE by the Romans when they conquered Egypt.
- B) The Library of Alexandria, which was the largest library of the ancient world, was destroyed by the Romans who conquered Egypt in 30 BCE.
- C) The largest library of the ancient world, the Library of Alexandria, was destroyed in 30 BCE during the Roman conquest of Egypt.
- D) The Library of Alexandria, which was the largest library of the ancient world, was destroyed when the Romans conquered Egypt in 30 BCE.
- E) The Library of Alexandria in Egypt, which was the largest library of the ancient world, was destroyed during the Roman conquest in 30 BCE.

**73. Avustralya'da Avrupa yerleşiminden önce 700'den fazla farklı Aborjin dili ve lehçesi konuşuluyordu.**

- A) Before the European settlement, there were more than 700 different Aboriginal languages and dialects spoken in Australia.
- B) More than 700 different Aboriginal languages and dialects were spoken in Australia before Europeans settled there.
- C) Aboriginal Australians spoke more than 700 different languages and dialects before the European settlement.
- D) More than 700 different languages and dialects were spoken by Aboriginal people before the Europeans settled in Australia.
- E) Before the European settlement, more than 700 different Aboriginal languages and dialects were spoken in Australia.

**74. Birçok endüstriyel teknolojiler icat etmiş ve geliştirmiş olan James Watt, en çok buhar makinesindeki iyileştirmeleriyle anılır.**

- A) James Watt, who is best remembered for his improvements to the steam engine, invented and improved several other industrial technologies.
- B) James Watt, who invented and improved several industrial technologies, is best remembered for improving the steam engine.
- C) Along with inventing and improving several industrial technologies, James Watt is best remembered for his improvements to the steam engine.
- D) James Watt, who invented and improved several industrial technologies, is best remembered for his improvements to the steam engine.
- E) James Watt, who is best remembered for improving the steam engine, invented and improved several industrial technologies.

**75. Riz MC olarak tanıdığımız ünlü oyuncu ve rapçi Riz Ahmed, ikinci stüdyo albümünü kendi gerçek adıyla yayınladı.**

- A) The famous actor and rapper Riz Ahmed, whom we know as Riz MC, released his second studio album under his real name.
- B) The famous actor and rapper who is known as Riz MC released his second studio album under his real name, Riz Ahmed.
- C) The famous actor and rapper Riz Ahmed, who is known as Riz MC, released his second studio album under his real name.
- D) The famous actor and rapper whom we know as Riz MC released his second studio album using his real name, Riz Ahmed.
- E) The famous actor and rapper known as Riz MC released his second studio album under his real name, which is Riz Ahmed.



76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) The South Pole is located on Antarctica, and it is the coldest place on Earth. (II) The land at the South Pole has an ice sheet above it, which is roughly 2,700 metres thick. (III) This makes the South Pole much colder than the North Pole. (IV) The South Pole is also easier to travel to than the North Pole. (V) In fact, the warmest temperature ever recorded at the South Pole was 12.3 degrees Celsius below zero.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Carnivores are animals that typically eat only meat. (II) There are different types of carnivores; some carnivores, such as dogs and bears, eat mainly meat but can digest plant material too. (III) Actually, dogs eat whatever is available. (IV) However, most carnivores only eat meat, and cats are an example of this. (V) Birds which have very thin pointed beaks and which only eat insects are another type of carnivore, and they are called insectivores.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) Ancient civilizations in different parts of the world have built pyramids at different times. (II) The most famous pyramids were built in ancient Egypt more than 4,500 years ago. (III) Ancient Egyptians are known for their paintings and carvings too. (IV) These structures were mainly built for religious purposes and were used as tombs. (V) The pyramids of Mexico, Central America and South America are also well-known.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) In air travel and in space, a drone refers to an unpiloted aircraft or spacecraft. (II) Another term for a drone is an "unmanned aerial vehicle" or UAV. (III) On Earth, drones are often used for military purposes because they don't put pilots' lives at risk. (IV) There are several safety concerns; they can crash into buildings or cause problems in air traffic. (V) In addition, drones do not require rest; they fly as long as they have fuel and have no mechanical problems.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) In Ancient Rome, slaves and their families were the property of their rich owners. (II) But the ones that were freed became citizens and lived as normal Roman citizens did. (III) They could be sold or rented out. (IV) They lived under harsh conditions and were often treated cruelly. (V) Also, their owners could kill them for any reason and would not be punished.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

ydspublishing

TEST BİTTİ.  
CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.